

## This term's Big Question:

How can we, as philosophers, use artefacts to learn about life in Ancient Egypt?

## PSHE / SMSC/ British Values:

Health and wellbeing - Growth and changing.

**Business/Careers links:** artist, presenter, actor/actress, historian, designer, script writer

## PE

PE will be on a Monday and Thursday.  
Children will be learning tennis and netball.

## Maths - division and fractions.

### Key facts:

When dividing by 10, the place value moves one place to the right.

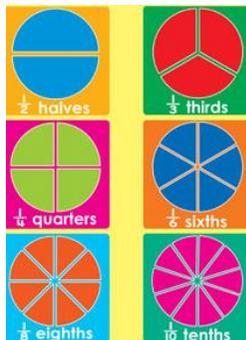
A remainder is the amount left over in a division calculation.

A fraction is split into equal parts.

A whole is made up of parts.

### Key vocabulary:

Divide  
Fraction  
Half  
Quarter  
Third  
Equal  
Share  
Tenth



## Overview

In this topic, we will be researching and learning about the Egyptians. We will find out about life of those living in the Egyptian times and we will also look at Egyptian art. This will result in our final project which will be a Horrible Histories style video.

### Trips, visits and events

Ashmolean museum  
(possibly virtual)  
Egyptian day (date tbc)

Harriers Banbury Academy

Year 3 knowledge organiser

Term 5

Aspiration: Spirit of adventure

## English

**Key text:** Marcy and the riddle of the Sphinx.

**Key spellings:**

**SPAG:** Word classes, tenses, Paragraphs and prepositions

**Key facts:**

A noun is a thing, person or place.

An adjective is used to describe a noun.

Descriptive language should be used when writing a story.

The past tense is when you write about something that has already happened.

**Key vocabulary:**

Verb, adverb, noun and adjective

Riddle

Goddess

Preposition



## Spanish

**Key facts:**

There are key phrases to communicate in Spanish.

The words for phrases are different to English, but mean the same thing.

**Key vocabulary**

Madre, Padre, Hermano, Hermana, Abuela, Abuelo.

## ATL: History and Art

### Key facts:

Ancient Egypt was a civilization of ancient North Africa.

Egyptian men and women wore makeup.

They were one of the first civilizations to invent writing.

Most Ancient

Egyptian pyramids were built as tombs for pharaohs (rulers of Ancient Egypt) and their families.

The afterlife was incredibly important to the Egyptians.

Hieroglyphics are symbols that Egyptians used.

### Key vocabulary:

Pyramid

Egypt

Sphinx

Pharaoh

Tomb

Mummies

Afterlife

Hieroglyphics.

|  |         |  |       |  |          |
|--|---------|--|-------|--|----------|
|  | vulture |  | lion  |  | chick    |
|  | leg     |  | owl   |  | cloth    |
|  | cup     |  | water |  | feathers |
|  | hand    |  | chick |  | bolt     |
|  | feather |  | stool |  | lether   |
|  | viper   |  | hill  |  | sieve    |
|  | pot     |  | mouth |  | basin    |
|  | wick    |  | cloth |  | MAN      |
|  | feather |  | loaf  |  | WOMAN    |
|  | cobra   |  | chick |  | ANKH     |
|  | cup     |  | viper |  |          |

## Science (Plants)

### Key facts:

The petals of a flower often attract insects or other animals.

Water and minerals move up from plants roots.

### Key vocabulary:

Roots

Stamen

Minerals

Stigma

