

**This term's Big Question:**  
**If you were an explorer, where in the UK would you visit and why?**

**PE**  
**Children will need to bring their P.E. kit in on Monday. Our P.E. days this term are on Tuesdays and Wednesdays. We will be studying ball skills and football.**

**Spanish Greetings and numbers to 10**  
**Key facts:**  
**The Spanish language is spoken in many areas of the world due to the early influence of the Spanish Empire.**  
**Key vocabulary**  
**Numbers to 10**  
**Hola, adios, que tal?**



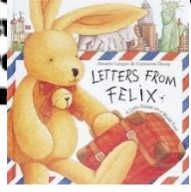
**Overview**  
**In this topic we will be finding out about the UK. We will be looking at different areas within the UK, their features and landmarks. This will result in the children making a large map with sculptures as landmarks. They will be using their literacy skills to produce work to go alongside their final project.**

**Harriers Banbury Academy**  
**Year 5 Knowledge organiser**  
**Term 1**  
**Aspiration: Belonging and Confidence to take Action**

**Trips, visits and events**  
**Walk into Banbury town to spot physical and natural features.**  
**Visit to see farmer James.**

**Maths**  
**Place value, addition and subtraction**  
**Key facts:**  
**There are 10 ones in ten.**  
**There are ten tens in 100.**  
**Numbers can be represented in different ways. Estimation is a rough calculation of the value, number, and quantity of something.**  
**There is a connection between the 5 and 50 times tables.**  
**Key vocabulary:**  
**Place value, ones, tens, hundreds, thousands, compare, more than, less than, order, addition, subtraction, regroup, exchange.**

**English**  
**Key text: Letters from Felix**  
**Key spellings: ea, ex, e to ing, able and ible, de, ly**  
**SPaG Key facts:**  
**Punctuation is used to show the end of a sentence and to show what type of sentence it is.**  
**Noun phrases are used to add detail to sentences.**  
**Conjunctions can be used to join two clauses together.**  
**Apostrophes can be used in a contracted word.**  
**Key vocabulary: Letter, paragraph, sentence, text, leaflet. infer, descriptive, persuade, edit, draft, subordinate, comma, question mark**



**Punctuation**

<b>question mark</b> ? This shows the end of a sentence that is a question. 'Where is the post?'	<b>exclamation mark</b> ! This adds a sentence that shows great excitement or surprise. 'The dog was so happy when the doggy had!'.	<b>comma</b> , Use it to: - Separate two things from each other. - To add extra information. - To separate out different ideas.	<b>full stop</b> . This shows the end of a sentence. 'The dog was happy.'	<b>speech marks</b> " " These are used to show that they are spoken. 'The dog was very happy when the doggy had!'.
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**Topic**  
**Key facts:**  
**There are 4 countries within the UK.**  
**The capital cities include London, Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast.**  
**A landmark is an object or feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance.**  
**Human features are manmade (roads, railways).**  
**Physical features are natural (rivers, mountains).**

**Key vocabulary:**  
**Landmark, counties, countries, physical features and human features.**

Which of these things was made by humans?

 a tree	 a truck	 a river
 a house	 a cloud	 a train

Which were made by nature?



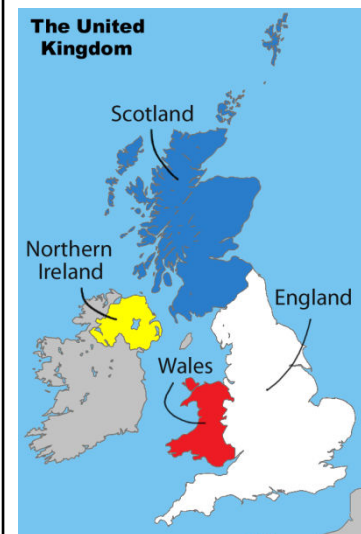
**RSA/ PSHE / SESO/ British Values: Me and my relationships, well-being and feelings.**  
**Business/Careers links: architect, builder, manufacturer, advertising and marketing, explorers and tour guides.**



Year 3: Autumn 1 - This term's Big Question:  
If you were an explorer, where in the UK would you visit and why?

Locational knowledge – Recall and name:

The Seven continents	Antarctica	Africa	Asia	Australia	Europe	North America	South America
The Five Oceans	Pacific Ocean	Arctic Ocean	Atlantic Ocean	Indian Ocean	Southern Ocean		



The United Kingdom		Capital city
England		London
Scotland		Edinburgh
Wales		Cardiff
Northern Ireland		Belfast

Human Geography is something that is built by humans . Features include anything from a house to a city, and all the related infrastructure such as roads, rail, canals etc.

Physical geography is the study of the Earth's natural features, such as mountains, rivers, deserts and oceans. In physical geography, landforms and how they change are studied, as well as climate and its effects.



An island is a body of land surrounded by water. Continents are also surrounded by water, but because they are so big, they are not considered islands.

